

SAFETY DATA SHEET

1. Identification

Product Name: 7CF Tyre Inflator & Sealer

Product code:A-CM-013

Recommended use: Temporary puncture repair

Recommended restrictions: Not known

Manufacturer/Importer/Supplier/Distributor information

Company name: Shenzhen Sunrise New Energy CO., Ltd.

Address: Rm. 3401, Block B, Bldg 12, Shenzhenwan Technology Ecological Park, No.18 Keji' nan Road, Gaoxin Community, Yuehai Subdistrict, Nanshan District, Shenzhen, China

Telephone: +86-0755-86922999

Website: 7cfindustries.com

E-mail: international@szsunrisene.com

Emergency phone number: +86-0755-86922818

2. Hazards Identification

This material is hazardous according to the criteria of Safe Work GHS .



Signal Word

Danger

Hazard Classifications

Aerosols - Category 1

Acute Toxicity - Inhalation - Category 4

Skin Corrosion/Irritation - Category 1B

Eye Damage/Irritation - Category 1

Acute Hazard to the Aquatic Environment - Category 2

Chronic Hazard to the Aquatic Environment - Category 3

Hazard Statements H222	Extremely flammable aerosol.
H229	Pressurized container: may burst if heated.
H314	Causes severe skin burns



	and eye damage.
H332	Harmful if inhaled.
H401	Toxic to aquatic life.
H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
P260	Do not breathe fume, gas, mist, vapours or spray.
P264	Wash hands, face and all exposed skin thoroughly after handling.
P271	Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.
P273	Avoid release to the environment.
P280	Wear protective gloves/protective clothing including eye/face protection.

Response Precautionary Statements P101	If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.
P301+P330+P331	IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting.
P303+P361+P353	IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water [or shower].
P304+P340	IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.
P305+P351+P338	IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
P310	Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor.
P363	Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

Storage Precautionary Statements	Store locked up.
P405	
P410+P412	Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C.

Disposal Precautionary Statement P501	Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local, regional, national and international regulations.
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Poison Schedule: S6. Poison

DANGEROUS GOOD CLASSIFICATION

Classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the "Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road & Rail" and the "New Zealand NZS5433: Transport of Dangerous Goods on Land".

Dangerous Goods Class: 2.1



Subrisk 1: 8

3. Composition/information on ingredients

CHEMICAL ENTITY	CAS NO	PROPORTION
Butane	106-97-8	10 - 30 %
Propane	74-98-6	10 - 30 %
Ammonia	7664-41-7	1 - 10 %
Ethylene glycol	107-21-1	5 - 10 %
Ingredients determined to be Non-Hazardous	-	Balance
		100%

Note: The exact percentages are a trade secret.

4. First Aid Measures

Inhalation: Remove victim from exposure - avoid becoming a casualty. Remove contaminated clothing and loosen remaining clothing. Allow patient to assume most comfortable position and keep warm. Keep at rest until fully recovered. If breathing laboured and patient cyanotic (blue), ensure airways are clear and have a qualified person give oxygen through a facemask. If breathing has stopped apply artificial respiration at once. In the event of cardiac arrest, apply external cardiac massage. Seek immediate medical advice.

Skin Contact: If skin or hair contact occurs, remove contaminated clothing and flush skin and hair with running water. If swelling, redness, blistering or irritation occurs seek medical assistance. For gross contamination, immediately drench with water and remove clothing. Continue to flush skin and hair with plenty of water (and soap if material is insoluble). For skin burns, cover with a clean, dry dressing until medical help is available. If blistering occurs, do NOT break blisters. If swelling, redness, blistering, or irritation occurs seek medical assistance.

Eye contact: Immediately irrigate with copious quantities of water for 15 minutes. Eyelids to be held open. Remove clothing if contaminated and wash skin. Urgently seek medical assistance. Transport to hospital or medical centre.

Ingestion: Rinse mouth with water. If swallowed, do NOT induce vomiting. Give a glass of water to drink. Never give anything by the mouth to an unconscious patient. If vomiting occurs give further water. Seek medical advice.

PPE for First Aiders: Wear rubber boots, overalls, gloves, apron, face shield, respirator. Use with adequate ventilation. If inhalation risk exists wear organic vapour/particulate respirator meeting the requirements of AS/NZS 1715 and AS/NZS 1716. Available information suggests that gloves made from nitrile rubber should be suitable for intermittent contact. However, due to variations in glove construction and local conditions, the user should make a final assessment. Always wash hands before smoking, eating, drinking or using the toilet. Wash contaminated clothing and other protective equipment before storing or re-using.

Notes to physician: Treat symptomatically. Can cause corneal burns.



5. Fire Fighting Measures

Hazchem Code: Not allocated

Suitable extinguishing media: If material is involved in a fire use water fog (or if unavailable fine water spray), alcohol resistant foam, standard foam, dry agent (carbon dioxide, dry chemical powder).

Specific hazards: Extremely flammable aerosol. May form flammable vapour mixtures with air. Flameproof equipment necessary in area where this chemical is being used. Nearby equipment must be earthed. Electrical requirements for work area should be assessed according to AS3000. Vapour may travel a considerable distance to source of ignition and flash back. Avoid all ignition sources. All potential sources of ignition (open flames, pilot lights, furnaces, spark producing switches and electrical equipment etc) must be eliminated both in and near the work area. Do NOT smoke.

Fire fighting further advice: Heating can cause expansion or decomposition leading to violent rupture of containers. If safe to do so, remove containers from path of fire. Keep containers cool with water spray. On burning or decomposing may emit toxic fumes. Fire fighters to wear self-contained breathing apparatus and suitable protective clothing if risk of exposure to vapour or products of combustion or decomposition.

6. Accidental Release Measures

SMALL SPILLS

Wear protective equipment to prevent skin and eye contamination. Avoid inhalation of gas. If safe to do so, isolate the leak. Increase ventilation to assist with dispersion.

LARGE SPILLS

If safe to do so, shut off all possible sources of ignition. Clear area of all unprotected personnel. Use a spark-free shovel. If safe to do so, isolate the leak. Increase ventilation to assist with dispersion. If contamination of crops, sewers or waterways has occurred advise local emergency services.

Dangerous Goods - Initial Emergency Response Guide No: 49

7. Handling and Storage

HANDLING: Wash thoroughly after handling. Wash hands before eating. Remove contaminated clothing and launder before reuse. Use only with adequate ventilation. Follow all SDS and label precautions even after container is emptied because it may retain product residues. Avoid breathing fumes, vapors, or mist. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing.

STORAGE: Store in a dry, well ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed when not in use. Keep containers tightly closed. Isolate from heat, electrical equipment, sparks and open flame. Contents under pressure. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50 °C/122 °F. Store large quantities in buildings designed and protected for storage of flammable aerosols. Keep away from heat, sparks, flame and sources of ignition. Avoid excess heat. Product should be stored in tightly sealed containers and protected from heat, moisture, and foreign materials.

Keep containers closed when not in use - check regularly for leaks.

Advice on Safe Handling of Combustible Dust: No Information

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

PERSONAL PROTECTION



ENGINEERING CONTROLS: Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to control airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment. Provide general dilution of local exhaust ventilation in volume and pattern to keep TLV of hazardous ingredients below acceptable limits. Prevent build-up of vapors by opening all doors and windows to achieve cross-ventilation.

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION: A respiratory protection program that meets OSHA 1910.134 and ANSI Z88.2 requirements must be followed whenever workplace conditions warrant a respirator's use. A NIOSH/MSHA approved air purifying respirator with organic vapor cartridge or canister may be permissible under certain circumstances where airborne concentrations are expected to exceed exposure limits.

SKIN PROTECTION: Use gloves to prevent prolonged skin contact. Nitrile or Neoprene gloves may afford adequate skin protection.

EYE PROTECTION: Use safety eyewear designed to protect against splash of liquids.

OTHER PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT: Refer to safety supervisor or industrial hygienist for further guidance regarding types of personal protective equipment and their applications.

HYGIENIC PRACTICES: Wash thoroughly with soap and water before eating, drinking or smoking. Remove contaminated clothing immediately and launder before reuse.

Engineering Measures for Combustible Dust: No Information

9. Physical and Chemical Properties

Physical State:	Liquid.
Colour:	White.
Odour:	Hydrocarbon.
pH:	8.0-10.
Boiling Range/Point (°C):	Boils above 100.
Solubility in Water:	soluble.
Vapour Pressure (kPa) :	400-550 at 25 °C.
Density (kg/m ³):	1000.
Flammability:	Flammable
Viscosity (cSt) :	10-15 at 25 °C

10. Stability and Reactivity

Chemical stability: This material is thermally stable when stored and used as directed.

Conditions to avoid: Elevated temperatures and sources of ignition.



Incompatible materials: Oxidising agents.

Hazardous decomposition products: Oxides of carbon and nitrogen, smoke and other toxic fumes.

Hazardous reactions: No known hazardous reactions.

11. Toxicological Information

No adverse health effects expected if the product is handled in accordance with this Safety Data Sheet and the product label. Symptoms or effects that may arise if the product is mishandled and overexposure occurs are:

Acute Effects

Inhalation: Harmful if inhaled. Material may be an irritant to mucous membranes and respiratory tract. An asphyxiant; exposure to high concentrations can cause suffocation.

Skin contact: Contact with skin will result in severe irritation. Corrosive to skin - may cause skin burns.

Ingestion: Swallowing can result in nausea, vomiting, diarrhoea, abdominal pain and chemical burns to the gastrointestinal tract.

Eye contact: A severe eye irritant. Corrosive to eyes: contact can cause corneal burns. Contamination of eyes can result in permanent injury.

Acute toxicity

Inhalation: This material has been classified as a Category 4 Hazard. Acute toxicity estimate (based on ingredients): $2,500 \text{ ppm} < \text{LC}_{50} \leq 20,000 \text{ ppm}$ for gases

Skin contact: This material has been classified as not hazardous for acute dermal exposure. Acute toxicity estimate (based on ingredients): $\text{LD}_{50} > 2,000 \text{ mg/Kg bw}$

Ingestion: This material has been classified as not hazardous for acute ingestion exposure. Acute toxicity estimate (based on ingredients): $\text{LD}_{50} > 2,000 \text{ mg/Kg bw}$

Corrosion/Irritancy: Eye: this material has been classified as a Category 1 Hazard (irreversible effects to eyes). Skin: this material has been classified as a Category 1B Hazard (irreversible effects to skin).

Sensitisation: Inhalation: this material has been classified as not a respiratory sensitiser. Skin: this material has been classified as not a skin sensitiser.

Aspiration hazard: This material has been classified as not an aspiration hazard.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure): This material has been classified as not a specific hazard to target organs by a single exposure.

Chronic Toxicity

Mutagenicity: This material has been classified as not a mutagen.

Carcinogenicity: This material has been classified as not a carcinogen.

Reproductive toxicity (including via lactation): This material has been classified as not a reproductive toxicant.

Specific target organ toxicity (repeat exposure): This material has been classified as not a specific hazard to target organs by repeat exposure.

12. Ecological Information

Avoid contaminating waterways.

Acute aquatic hazard: This material has been classified as a Category Acute 2 Hazard. Acute toxicity estimate (based on ingredients): $> 1 \leq 10 \text{ mg/L}$



Long-term aquatic hazard: This material has been classified as a Category Chronic 3 Hazard. Non-rapidly or rapidly degradable substance for which there are adequate chronic toxicity data available OR in the absence of chronic toxicity data, Acute toxicity estimate (based on ingredients): 10 - 100 mg/L, where the substance is not rapidly degradable and/or BCF \geq 500 and/or log $K_{ow} \geq$ 4.

Ecotoxicity: No information available.

Persistence and degradability: No information available.

Bioaccumulative potential: No information available.

Mobility: No information available.

13. Disposal Considerations

Persons conducting disposal, recycling or reclamation activities should ensure that appropriate personal protection equipment is used, see "Section 8. Exposure Controls and Personal Protection" of this SDS. If possible material and its container should be recycled. If material or container cannot be recycled, dispose in accordance with local, regional, national and international Regulations.

14. Transportation Information

UN No:	1950
Dangerous Goods	2.1
Class:	
Subrisk 1:	8
Packing Group:	None
Hazchem Code:	Not allocated
Emergency	49
Response Guide No:	
Limited Quantities	1,000 mL
Proper Shipping	AEROSOLS
Name:	

Segregation Dangerous Goods: Not to be loaded with explosives (Class 1), flammable liquids (Class 3), if both are in bulk, flammable solids (Class 4.1), spontaneously combustible substances (Class 4.2), dangerous when wet substances (Class 4.3), oxidising agents (Class 5.1), organic peroxides (Class 5.2) or radioactive substances (Class 7). Exemptions may apply.

MARINE TRANSPORT

Classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG Code) for transport by sea.

15. Regulatory information

This material is not subject to the following international agreements:



Montreal Protocol (Ozone depleting substances)

The Stockholm Convention (Persistent Organic Pollutants)

The Rotterdam Convention (Prior Informed Consent)

Basel Convention (Hazardous Waste)

International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships (MARPOL)

This material/constituent(s) is covered by the following requirements:

The Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons (SUSMP) established under the Therapeutic Goods Act (Commonwealth): S6. Poison.

16. Other Information:

It is Company Policy to maintain the most accurate and up to date information possible, and Shenzhen sunrise new energy co., ltd aims to review these Data regularly. The information contained herein is based on data considered accurate and reliable to the best of our knowledge as of the date issued and subsequently made available from Shenzhen sunrise new energy co., ltd However, no warranty is expressed or implied regarding the accuracy of these Data or the results to be obtained from the use hereof. Persons using these Data are urged by Shenzhen sunrise new energy co., ltd to satisfy themselves that these Data are the latest available from Shenzhen sunrise new energy co., ltd and remain current and suitable for particular applications after intervening periods of time. Shenzhen sunrise new energy co., ltd assumes no responsibility for personal injury or property damage to vendees, users, or third parties caused by the material. Such users or vendees assume all risks associated with the use of the material.